



Microsoft

Exam Questions 70-461

Querying Microsoft SQL Server 2012

Version:Demo

1. You use Microsoft SQL Server 2012 to write code for a transaction that contains several statements.

There is high contention between readers and writers on several tables used by your transaction.

You need to minimize the use of the tempdb space. You also need to prevent reading queries from blocking writing queries.

Which isolation level should you use?

- A. SERIALIZABLE
- B. SNAPSHOT
- C. READ COMMITTED SNAPSHOT
- D. REPEATABLE READ

Answer: C

2. You develop a Microsoft SQL Server 2012 database. You create a view that performs the following tasks:

. Joins 8 tables that contain up to 500,000 records each.

. Performs aggregations on 5 fields.

The view is frequently used in several reports.

You need to improve the performance of the reports.

What should you do?

- A. Convert the view into a table-valued function.
- B. Convert the view into a Common Table Expression (CTE).
- C. Convert the view into an indexed view.
- D. Convert the view into a stored procedure and retrieve the result from the stored procedure into a temporary table.

Answer: C

3. You administer a Microsoft SQL Server 2012 database named ContosoDb. The database contains a table named Suppliers and a column named IsActive in the Purchases schema. You create a new user named ContosoUser in ContosoDb. ContosoUser has no permissions to the Suppliers table. You need to ensure that ContosoUser can delete rows that are not active from Suppliers. You also need to grant ContosoUser only the minimum required permissions. Which Transact-SQL statement should you use?

- A. GRANT DELETE ON Purchases.Suppliers TO ContosoUser

B. CREATE PROCEDURE Purchases.PurgeInactiveSuppliers WITH EXECUTE AS USER = 'dbo' AS DELETE FROM Purchases.Suppliers WHERE IsActive = 0 GO GRANT EXECUTE ON Purchases.PurgeInactiveSuppliers TO ContosoUser C. GRANT SELECT ON Purchases.Suppliers TO ContosoUser

D. CREATE PROCEDURE Purchases.PurgeInactiveSuppliers AS DELETE FROM Purchases.Suppliers WHERE IsActive = 0 GO GRANT EXECUTE ON Purchases.PurgeInactiveSuppliers TO ContosoUser

Answer: D

4. You administer a Microsoft SQL Server 2012 database that contains a table named OrderDetail. You discover that the NCI_OrderDetail_CustomerID non-clustered index is fragmented. You need to reduce fragmentation.

You need to achieve this goal without taking the index offline. Which Transact-SQL batch should you use?

A. CREATE INDEX NCI_OrderDetail_CustomerID ON OrderDetail.CustomerID WITH DROP EXISTING

B. ALTER INDEX NCI_OrderDetail_CustomerID ON OrderDetail.CustomerID REORGANIZE

C. ALTER INDEX ALL ON OrderDetail REBUILD

D. ALTER INDEX NCI_OrderDetail_CustomerID ON OrderDetail.CustomerID REBUILD

Answer: B

5. You are developing a database that will contain price information. You need to store the prices that include a fixed precision and a scale of six digits. Which data type should you use?

A. Float

B. Money

C. Smallmoney

D. Numeric

Answer: D

Explanation:

Numeric is the only one in the list that can give a fixed precision and scale.

Reference: <http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/ms179882.aspx>

6. You are developing a database application by using Microsoft SQL Server 2012.

An application that uses a database begins to run slowly.

Your investigation shows the root cause is a query against a read-only table that has a clustered index.

The query returns the following six columns:

One column in its WHERE clause contained in a non-clustered index · Four additional columns One COUNT (*) column based on a grouping of the four additional columns

You need to optimize the statement.

What should you do?

- A. Add a HASH hint to the query.
- B. Add a LOOP hint to the query.
- C. Add a FORCESEEK hint to the query.
- D. Add an INCLUDE clause to the index.
- E. Add a FORCESCAN hint to the Attach query.
- F. Add a columnstore index to cover the query.
- G. Enable the optimize for ad hoc workloads option.
- H. Cover the unique clustered index with a columnstore index.
- I. Include a SET FORCEPLAN ON statement before you run the query.
- J. Include a SET STATISTICS PROFILE ON statement before you run the query.
- K. Include a SET STATISTICS SHOWPLAN_XML ON statement before you run the query.
- L. Include a SET TRANSACTION ISOLATION LEVEL REPEATABLE READ statement before you run the query.
- M. Include a SET TRANSACTION ISOLATION LEVEL SNAPSHOT statement before you run the query.
- N. Include a SET TRANSACTION ISOLATION LEVEL SERIALIZABLE statement before you run the query.

Answer: F

7. You use Microsoft SQL Server 2012 to develop a database application. You need to create an object that meets the following requirements:

Takes an input variable

Returns a table of values

Cannot be referenced within a view

Which object should you use?

- A. Scalar-valued function
- B. Inline function
- C. User-defined data type
- D. Stored procedure

Answer: D

8. You administer a Microsoft SQL Server 2012 database.

The database contains a table named Employee. Part of the Employee table is shown in the exhibit. (Click the Exhibit button.)

Column name	Description
EmployeeID	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Uniquely identifies the employee record in the table • Used throughout the database by all the other tables that reference the Employee table
EmployeeNum	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • An alphanumeric value calculated according to company requirements • Has to be unique within the Employee table • Exists only within the Employee table
DepartmentID	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • References another table named Department that contains data for each department in the company
ReportsToID	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Contains the EmployeeID of the manager to whom an employee reports

Unless stated above, no columns in the Employee table reference other tables.

Confidential information about the employees is stored in a separate table named EmployeeData. One record exists within EmployeeData for each record in the Employee table.

You need to assign the appropriate constraints and table properties to ensure data integrity and visibility.

On which column in the Employee table should you create a Primary Key constraint for this table?

- A. DateHired

- B. Departments
- C. EmployeeID
- D. EmployeeNum
- E. FirstName
- F. JobTitle
- G. LastName
- H. MiddleName
- I. ReportsToID

Answer: C

9. You generate a daily report according to the following query:

```
SELECT c.CustomerName
FROM Sales.Customer c
WHERE Sales.ufnGetLastOrderDate(c.CustomerID) <
    DATEADD(DAY, -90, GETDATE())
```

The Sales.ufnGetLastOrderDate user-defined function (UDF) is defined as follows:

```
CREATE FUNCTION Sales.ufnGetLastOrderDate (@CustomerID int)
RETURNS datetime
AS
BEGIN
    DECLARE @lastOrderDate datetime
    SELECT @lastOrderDate = MAX(OrderDate)
    FROM Sales.SalesOrder
    WHERE CustomerID = @CustomerID
    RETURN @lastOrderDate
END
```

You need to improve the performance of the query.

What should you do?

A. Drop the UDF and rewrite the report query as follows:

```
WITH cte(CustomerID, LastOrderDate) AS (
SELECT CustomerID, MAX(OrderDate) AS [LastOrderDate]
FROM Sales.SalesOrder
GROUP BY CustomerID
```

```
)  
  
SELECT c.CustomerName  
  
FROM cte  
  
INNER JOIN Sales.Customer c  
  
ON cte.CustomerID = c.CustomerID  
  
WHERE cte.LastOrderDate < DATEADD(DAY, -90, GETDATE())
```

B. Drop the UDF and rewrite the report query as follows:

```
SELECT c.CustomerName  
  
FROM Sales.Customer c  
  
WHERE NOT EXISTS (  
  
SELECT s.OrderDate  
  
FROM Sales.SalesOrder  
  
WHERE s.OrderDate > DATEADD(DAY, -90, GETDATE())  
  
AND s.CustomerID = c.CustomerID)
```

C. Drop the UDF and rewrite the report query as follows:

```
SELECT DISTINCT c.CustomerName  
  
FROM Sales.Customer c  
  
INNER JOIN Sales.SalesOrder s  
  
ON c.CustomerID = s.CustomerID  
  
WHERE s.OrderDate < DATEADD(DAY, -90, GETDATE())
```

D. Rewrite the report query as follows:

```
SELECT c.CustomerName  
  
FROM Sales.Customer c  
  
WHERE NOT EXISTS (SELECT OrderDate FROM  
  
Sales.ufnGetRecentOrders(c.CustomerID, 90))
```

Rewrite the UDF as follows:

```
CREATE FUNCTION Sales.ufnGetRecentOrders(@CustomerID int, @MaxAge datetime)

RETURNS TABLE AS RETURN (

SELECT OrderDate

FROM Sales.SalesOrder

WHERE s.CustomerID = @CustomerID

AND s.OrderDate > DATEADD(DAY, -@MaxAge, GETDATE())
```

Answer: A

10. DRAG DROP

You use Microsoft SQL Server 2012 to develop a database that has two tables named Div1Cust and Div2Cust.

Each table has columns named DivisionID and CustomerId . None of the rows in Div1Cust exist in Div2Cust.

You need to write a query that meets the following requirements:

The rows in Div1Cust must be combined with the rows in Div2Cust. The result set must have columns named Division and Customer. Duplicates must be retained.

Which three Transact-SQL statements should you use? (To answer, move the appropriate statements from the list of statements to the answer area and arrange them in the correct order.)

EXCEPT		
SELECT DivisionID, CustomerID FROM Div2Cust		
SELECT DISTINCT DivisionID, CustomerID FROM Div1Cust, Div2Cust		
INTERSECT		
SELECT DivisionID AS Division, CustomerID AS Customer FROM Div1Cust		
UNION ALL		
INNER JOIN		
UNION		
SELECT DivisionID, CustomerID FROM Div1Cust, Div2Cust		
ON Div1Cust.CustID = Div2Cust.CustID		
SELECT DivisionID, CustomerID FROM Div1Cust		

Answer:

EXCEPT	
SELECT DivisionID, CustomerID FROM Div2Cust	SELECT DivisionID AS Division, CustomerID AS Customer FROM Div1Cust
SELECT DISTINCT DivisionID, CustomerID FROM Div1Cust, Div2Cust	
INTERSECT	
SELECT DivisionID AS Division, CustomerID AS Customer FROM Div1Cust	
UNION ALL	UNION ALL
INNER JOIN	
UNION	
SELECT DivisionID, CustomerID FROM Div1Cust, Div2Cust	
ON Div1Cust.CustID = Div2Cust.CustID	
SELECT DivisionID, CustomerID FROM Div1Cust	SELECT DivisionID, CustomerID FROM Div1Cust, Div2Cust

11. A table named Profits stores the total profit made each year within a territory. The Profits table has columns named Territory, Year, and Profit.

You need to create a report that displays the profits made by each territory for each year and its previous year.

Which Transact-SQL query should you use?

- A. SELECT Territory, Year, Profit, LEAD(Profit, 1, 0) OVER (PARTITION BY Territory ORDER BY Year) AS PrevProfit FROM Profits
- B. SELECT Territory, Year, Profit, LAG(Profit, 1, 0) OVER (PARTITION BY Year ORDER BY Territory) AS PrevProfit FROM Profits
- C. SELECT Territory, Year, Profit, LAG(Profit, 1, 0) OVER (PARTITION BY Territory ORDER BY Year) AS PrevProfit FROM Profits
- D. SELECT Territory, Year, Profit, LEAD(Profit, 1, 0) OVER (PARTITION BY Year ORDER BY Territory) AS PrevProfit FROM Profits

Answer: C

12. You use a Microsoft SQL Server 2012 database.

You want to create a table to store Microsoft Word documents.

You need to ensure that the documents must only be accessible via Transact-SQL queries.

Which Transact-SQL statement should you use?

- A. CREATE TABLE DocumentStore ([Id] INT NOT NULL PRIMARY KEY, [Document] VARBINARY(MAX) NULL) GO
- B. CREATE TABLE DocumentStore ([Id] hierarchyid, [Document] NVARCHAR NOT NULL) GO
- C. CREATE TABLE DocumentStore AS FileTable
- D. CREATE TABLE DocumentStore ([Id] [uniqueidentifier] ROWGUIDCOL NOT NULL UNIQUE, [Document] VARBINARY(MAX) FILESTREAM NULL) GO

Answer: A

13. You are a database developer at an independent software vendor. You create stored procedures that contain proprietary code.

You need to protect the code from being viewed by your customers.

Which stored procedure option should you use?

- A. ENCRYPTBYKEY
- B. ENCRYPTION
- C. ENCRYPTBYPASSPHRASE
- D. ENCRYPTBYCERT

Answer: B

14. You are developing a database application by using Microsoft SQL Server 2012.

An application that uses a database begins to run slowly.

You discover that during reads, the transaction experiences blocking from concurrent updates.

You need to ensure that throughout the transaction the data maintains the original version.

What should you do?

- A. Add a HASH hint to the query.
- B. Add a LOOP hint to the query.
- C. Add a FORCESEEK hint to the query.
- D. Add an INCLUDE clause to the index.
- E. Add a FORCESCAN hint to the Attach query.

- F. Add a columnstore index to cover the query.
- G. Enable the optimize for ad hoc workloads option.
- H. Cover the unique clustered index with a columnstore index.
- I. Include a SET FORCEPLAN ON statement before you run the query.
- J. Include a SET STATISTICS PROFILE ON statement before you run the query.
- K. Include a SET STATISTICS SHOWPLAN_XML ON statement before you run the query.
- L. Include a SET TRANSACTION ISOLATION LEVEL REPEATABLE READ statement before you run the query.
- M. Include a SET TRANSACTION ISOLATION LEVEL SNAPSHOT statement before you run the query.
- N. Include a SET TRANSACTION ISOLATION LEVEL SERIALIZABLE statement before you run the query.

Answer: M

15. You are developing a database application by using Microsoft SQL Server 2012. You have a query that runs slower than expected.

You need to capture execution plans that will include detailed information on missing indexes recommended by the query optimizer.

What should you do?

- A. Add a HASH hint to the query.
- B. Add a LOOP hint to the query.
- C. Add a FORCESEEK hint to the query.
- D. Add an INCLUDE clause to the index.
- E. Add a FORCESCAN hint to the Attach query.
- F. Add a columnstore index to cover the query.
- G. Enable the optimize for ad hoc workloads option.
- H. Cover the unique clustered index with a columnstore index.
- I. Include a SET FORCEPLAN ON statement before you run the query.
- J. Include a SET STATISTICS PROFILE ON statement before you run the query.
- K. Include a SET STATISTICS SHOWPLAN_XML ON statement before you run the query.

L. Include a SET TRANSACTION ISOLATION LEVEL REPEATABLE READ statement before you run the query.

M. Include a SET TRANSACTION ISOLATION LEVEL SNAPSHOT statement before you run the query.

N. Include a SET TRANSACTION ISOLATION LEVEL SERIALIZABLE statement before you run the query.

Answer: K

Thank You for Trying Our Product

We offer two products:

1st - We have Practice Tests Software with Actual Exam Questions

2nd - Questions and Answers in PDF Format

70-461 Practice Exam Features:

- * 70-461 Questions and Answers Updated Frequently
- * 70-461 Practice Questions Verified by Expert Senior Certified Staff
- * 70-461 Most Realistic Questions that Guarantee you a Pass on Your FirstTry
- * 70-461 Practice Test Questions in Multiple Choice Formats and Updatesfor 1 Year

100% Actual & Verified — Instant Download, Please Click
[Order The 70-461 Practice Test Here](#)