NEW QUESTION 1
An application includes a class named Person. The Person class includes a method named GetData. You need to ensure that the GetData() from the Person class. Which access modifier should you use for the GetData() method?

A. Internal
B. Protected
C. Private
D. Protected internal
E. Public

Answer: B

Explanation:
Protected - The type or member can be accessed only by code in the same class or structure, or in a class that is derived from that class. The protected keyword is a member access modifier. A protected member is accessible within its class and by derived class instances.

NEW QUESTION 2
You are implementing a method named Calculate that performs conversions between value types and reference types. The following code segment implements the method. (Line numbers are included for reference only.)

```csharp
public static void Calculate(float amount)
{
    object amountRef = amount;
    Console.WriteLine(balance);
}
```

You need to ensure that the application does not throw exceptions on invalid conversions. Which code segment should you insert at line 04?

A. int balance = (int)(float)amountRef;
B. int balance = (int)amountRef;
C. int balance = amountRef;
D. int balance = (int)(double)amountRef;

Answer: A

Explanation:

NEW QUESTION 3
You are developing an application by using C#. You provide a public key to the development team during development. You need to specify that the assembly is not fully signed when it is built. Which two assembly attributes should you include in the source code? (Each correct answer presents part of the solution. Choose two.)

A. AssemblyKeyNameAttribute
B. ObfuscateAssemblyAttribute
C. AssemblyDelaySignAttribute
D. AssemblyKeyFileAttribute

Answer: CD

Explanation:
* AssemblyDelaySignAttribute
Specifies that the assembly is not fully signed when created.
* The following code example shows the use of the AssemblyDelaySignAttribute attribute with the AssemblyKeyFileAttribute.
using System;
using System.Reflection;
[assembly:AssemblyKeyFileAttribute("TestPublicKey.snk")]
[assembly:AssemblyDelaySignAttribute(true)]
namespace DelaySign
{
    public class Test{}
}

NEW QUESTION 4
An application will upload data by using HTML form-based encoding. The application uses a method named SendMessage. The SendMessage() method includes the following code. (Line numbers are included for reference only.)

```csharp
public Task<byte[]> SendMessage(string url, int intA, int intB)
{
    var client = new WebClient();
}
```

The receiving URL accepts parameters as form-encoded values. You need to send the values intA and intB as form-encoded values named a and b, respectively. Which code segment should you insert at line 04?

Guaranteed success with Our exam guides
visit - https://www.certshared.com
NEW QUESTION 5

You are developing an application that will process orders. The debug and release versions of the application will display different logo images. You need to ensure that the correct image path is set based on the build configuration. Which code segment should you use?

A. Option A
B. Option B
C. Option C
D. Option D

Answer: C

Explanation:
There is no such constraint (unless you define one explicitly) RELEASE. http://stackoverflow.com/questions/507704/will-if-release-work-like-if-debug-does-in-c

NEW QUESTION 6

```
A. Option A
B. Option B
C. Option C
D. Option D

Answer: D

Explanation:
WebClient.UploadValuesTaskAsync - Uploads the specified name/value collection to the resource identified by the specified URI as an asynchronous operation using a task object. These methods do not block the calling thread.
```
You are developing an application that uses structured exception handling. The application includes a class named Logger. The Logger class implements a method named Log by using the following code segment:

```java
public static void Log(Exception ex) {} // Function to log the exception
```

You have the following requirements:
Log all exceptions by using the Log() method of the Logger class. Rethrow the original exception, including the entire exception stack. You need to meet the requirements. Which code segment should you use?

A. ```java
   catch
   {
       var ex = new Exception();
       throw ex;
   }
```

B. ```java
   catch (Exception ex)
   {
       Logger.Log(ex);
       throw ex;
   }
```

C. ```java
   catch
   {
       Logger.Log(new Exception());
       throw;
   }
```

D. ```java
   catch (Exception ex)
   {
       Logger.Log(ex);
       throw;
   }
```

A. Option A
B. Option B
C. Option C
D. Option D

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 7
You are developing an application that uses a .config file. The relevant portion of the .config file is shown as follows:

```xml
<configuration>
  <system.diagnostics>
    <trace autoflush="false" indentsize="0">
      <listeners>
        <listener name="appListener"
          type="System.Diagnostics.EventLogTraceListener"
          initializeDate="TraceListenerLog" />
      </listeners>
    </trace>
  </system.diagnostics>
</configuration>
```

You need to ensure that diagnostic data for the application writes to the event log by using the configuration specified in the .config file. What should you include in the application code?

A. ```c
   EventLog log = new EventLog();
   log.WriteEntry("Trace data...");
```

B. ```c
   Debug.WriteLine("Trace data...");
```

C. ```c
   Console.WriteLine("Trace data...");
```

D. ```c
   Trace.WriteLine("Trace data...");
```

A. Option A
B. Option B
C. Option C
D. Option D

Answer: D

Explanation:
Incorrect:
Not B: There is only a “TraceListener” defined in the config file. In fact, there is no “eventlogDebugListerner” class.
NEW QUESTION 8
You are developing an application.
The application contains the following code segment (line numbers are included for reference only):

```csharp
01 Arraylist array1 = new Arraylist();
02 int var1 = 10;
03 int var2;
04 array1.Add(var1);
05 var2 = array1[0];
```

When you run the code, you receive the following error message: "Cannot implicitly convert type 'object' to 'int. An explicit conversion exists (are you missing a cast?)."
You need to ensure that the code can be compiled. Which code should you use to replace line 05?

A. var2 = ((List<int>) array1)[0];
B. var2 = array1[0].Equals(typeof(int));
C. var2 = Convert.ToInt32(array1[0]);
D. var2 = ((int[])array1)[0];

Answer: C

Explanation:

NEW QUESTION 9
You are developing an application that includes a method named SendMessage.
You need to ensure that the SendMessage() method is called with the required parameters. Which two code segments can you use to achieve this goal? (Each correct answer presents a complete solution. Choose two.)

A. static void Main(string[] args)
   {
       dynamic message = new { From = "Jon Morris", To = "Mary North", Content = "Hello World" };
       SendMessage(message);
   }
B. static void Main(string[] args)
   {
       var message = new Object();
       message.From = "Jon Morris";
       message.To = "Mary North";
       message.Content = "Hello World";
       SendMessage(message);
   }
C. static void Main(string[] args)
   {
       var message = new { From = "Jon Morris", To = "Mary North", Content = "Hello World" };:
       SendMessage(message);
   }
D. static void Main(string[] args)
   {
       dynamic message = new System.Object();
       message.From = "Jon Morris";
       message.To = "Mary North";
       message.Content = "Hello World";
       SendMessage(message);
   }

A. Option A
B. Option B
C. Option C
D. Option D

Answer: CD

Explanation:
D: ExpandoObject
Represents an object whose members can be dynamically added and removed at run time.
/ The ExpandoObject class enables you to add and delete members of its instances at run time and also to set and get values of these members. This class supports dynamic binding, which enables you to use standard syntax like sampleObject.sampleMember instead of more complex syntax like sampleObject.GetAttribute("sampleMember").
/ You can pass instances of the ExpandoObject class as parameters. Note that these instances are treated as dynamic objects in C# and late-bound objects in Visual Basic. This means that you do not have IntelliSense for object members and you do not receive compiler errors when you call nonexistent members. If you call a member that does not exist, an exception occurs.
Incorrect:
Not A, not B: It tries to get/set From, to properties of type Object. It does not compile.

NEW QUESTION 10
You write the following method (line numbers are included for reference only):

```csharp
01 public static List<string> TestIfWebsite(string url)
02 {
03     const string pattern = "http://(www\.)?([\^\.]\.)\..com";
04     List<string> result = new List<string>();
05     06     MatchCollection myMatches = Regex.Matches(url, pattern);
07     ... 08     return result;
09 }
```
You need to ensure that the method extracts a list of URLs that match the following pattern:
@http://([\w\.]\+:\d+\.[^{.}\.]\+\.)\+\.)\..com;
Which code should you insert at line 07?

A. foreach (Match currentMatch in myMatches)
   result.Add(currentMatch.Groups.ToString());

B. result = (List<string>) myMatches.GetEnumerator();

C. foreach (Match currentMatch in myMatches)
   result.Add(currentMatch.Value);

D. result = (List<string>) myMatches.SyncRoot;

A. Option A
B. Option B
C. Option C
D. Option D

Answer: C

Explanation:
* MatchCollection
Represents the set of successful matches found by iteratively applying a regular expression pattern to the input string.
The collection is immutable (read-only) and has no public constructor. The Regex.Matches method returns a MatchCollection object.
* List<T>-Add Method
Adds an object to the end of the List<T>. Incorrect:
Not A: Gives groups array. Hence ToString() method mentioned above won't give desired result Not D: ICollection.SyncRoot Property
For collections whose underlying store is not publicly available, the expected implementation is to return the current instance. Note that the pointer to the current instance might not be sufficient for collections that wrap other collections; those should return the underlying collection's SyncRoot property.

NEW QUESTION 11
You need to write a console application that meets the following requirements:
If the application is compiled in Debug mode, the console output must display Entering debug mode. If the application is compiled in Release mode, the console output must display Entering release mode.
Which code should you use?
NEW QUESTION 12
DRAG DROP
You are developing a C# application. The application includes a class named Rate. The following code segment implements the Rate class:

```csharp
public class Rate
{
    public string Category { get; set; }
    public DateTime Date { get; set; }
    public decimal Value { get; set; }
}
```

You define a collection of rates named rateCollection by using the following code segment: `Collection<Rate> rateCollection = new Collection<Rate>();`

The application receives an XML file that contains rate information in the following format:

```xml
<RateSheet>
    <rate category="buyout" date="2012-03-22">
        <value>0.0075</value>
    </rate>
    <rate category="fixed" date="2012-03-23">
        <value>0.0475</value>
    </rate>
</RateSheet>
```

You need to parse the XML file and populate the rateCollection collection with Rate objects. How should you complete the relevant code? (To answer, drag the appropriate code segments to the correct locations in the answer area. Each code segment may be used once, more than once, or not at all. You may need to drag the split bar between panes or scroll to view content.)
A. Mastered
B. Not Mastered

**Answer: A**

**Explanation:**

* Target 1: The element name is rate not Ratesheet.
  The Xmlreader readToFollowing reads until the named element is found.

* Target 2:
  The following example gets the value of the first attribute. `reader.ReadToFollowing("book"); reader.MoveToFirstAttribute();` 
  `string genre = reader.Value; Console.WriteLine("The genre value: " + genre);`

* Target 3, Target 4:
  The following example displays all attributes on the current node.
  C# VB
  ```csharp
  if (reader.HasAttributes) {
    Console.WriteLine("Attributes of <" + reader.Name + ">");
    while (reader.MoveToNextAttribute()) {
      Console.WriteLine(" {0}={1}", reader.Name, reader.Value);
    }
  // Move the reader back to the element node. reader.MoveToElement();
  }
  ```
  ```vbnet
  if (reader.HasAttributes) {
    Console.WriteLine("Attributes of <" + reader.Name + ">");
    while (reader.MoveToNextAttribute()) {
      Console.WriteLine(" {0}={1}", reader.Name, reader.Value);
    }
  // Move the reader back to the element node. reader.MoveToElement();
  }
  ```

The XmlReader.MoveToElement method moves to the element that contains the current attribute node.

Reference: XmlReader Methods

**NEW QUESTION 13**

You need to write a method that combines an unknown number of strings. The solution must minimize the amount of memory used by the method when the method executes.

What should you include in the code?

A. The `String.Concat` method  
B. The `StringBuilder.Append` method  
C. The `+` operator  
D. The `+=` operator

**Answer: B**

**Explanation:**

StringBuilder is the best method when there are an unknown number of strings. Incorrect:

Not A: Compared to the StringBuilder.Append method, the String.Concat method uses more resources.

String concatenation creates a new string, needing more memory, and is generally considered slow. Not D: `+=` is not used to append strings.

**NEW QUESTION 14**

**HOTSPOT**

You have the following code:

```csharp
private static Dictionary<string, int> CreateTestData() 
{ 
  Dictionary<string, int> dict = new Dictionary<string, int>();
  
  {"Accounting", 1},
  {"Marketing", 2},
  {"Operations", 3}
};
return dict;
}
```

```csharp
private static bool FindInList(string searchTerm, int value) 
{ 
  Dictionary<string, int> data = CreateTestData();
  return data.Contains(new KeyValuePair<string, int>(searchTerm, value));
}
```

**NEW QUESTION 14**

**HOTSPOT**

You have the following code:
Use the drop-down lists to select the answer choice that completes each statement.

If the search term is set to “Finance”, and value is set to 0, the result will be [answer choice].

false
true
null

If the search term is set to “Accounting”, and value is set to 1, the result will be [answer choice].

false
true
null

If the search term is set to “Accounting”, and value is set to 2, the result will be [answer choice].

false
true
null

A. Mastered
B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

If the search term is set to “Finance”, and value is set to 0, the result will be [answer choice].

false
true
null

If the search term is set to “Accounting”, and value is set to 1, the result will be [answer choice].

false
true
null

If the search term is set to “Accounting”, and value is set to 2, the result will be [answer choice].

false
true
null

NEW QUESTION 15

You are developing an application. You need to declare a delegate for a method that accepts an integer as a parameter, and then returns an integer. Which type of delegate should you use?

A. Action<string, string>
B. Func<string, string>
C. Func<string>
NEW QUESTION 16
HOTSPOT
You are writing a code to handle exceptions for a C# application. You need to identify different ways to handle an exception named ex. Which line of code should you use for each task? To answer, select the appropriate line of code for each task in the answer area.

- Rethrow the original exception and keep the exception type.
  - throw;
  - throw;
  - throw;
  - throw;

- Rethrow the original exception type and reset the exception stack trace.
  - throw;
  - throw;
  - throw;

- Reset the exception stack trace and reset the exception type.
  - throw;
  - throw;
  - throw;

A. Mastered
B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:
public class Customer
{
    public string Name;
    public int Age;
}

public class Customers : IEnumerable<Customer>
{
    private List<Customer> customers = new List<Customer>();
    public void AddCustomer(Customer c)
    {
        customers.Add(c);
    }
    public IEnumerator<Customer> GetEnumerator()
    {
        return ((IEnumerator<customer>)customers).GetEnumerator();
    }
    IEnumerator IEnumerable.GetEnumerator()
    {
        return ((IEnumerator<customer>)customers).GetEnumerator();
    }
}

You need to ensure that the Customers class can be initialized by using the following code.

```csharp
var customers = new Customers()
{
    new Customer{Name="Neil", Age=45 },
    new Customer{Name="Jon", Age=43 },
    new Customer{Name="Peter", Age=98 }
};
```

Which code should you add to the application? To answer, drag the appropriate values to the correct targets. Each value may be used once, more than once, or not at all. You may need to drag the split bar between panes or scroll to view content.

**NOTE:** Each correct selection is worth one point.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Code Segments</th>
<th>Answer Area</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Add</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AddCustomer</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AddItem</td>
<td>Value</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Customer</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Customers</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

A. Mastered
B. Not Mastered

**Answer:** A

**Explanation:**
Target 1: AddCustomer
Target 2: AddItem

NEW QUESTION 19
HOTSPOT
You are developing an application in C#. You need to create an anonymous method. You write the following code segment.

```csharp
AddNumbers(int x, int y);
{
    return x + y;
}
```

How should you complete the code? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area. NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

**Answer Area**

**Target 1:**
```
class delegate protected public
```

**Target 2:**
```
class delegate int void
```

**Target 3:**
```
class delegate int interface void
```

A. Mastered
B. Not Mastered

**Answer:** A

**Explanation:**
Target 1: delegate
Target 2: void
Target 3: delegate References:

**NEW QUESTION 20**

**DRAG DROP**

You are creating a method by using C#. The method will accept three strings as parameters. The parameters are named string1, string2, and string3. The parameter values range from 5,000 to 15,000 characters.

The method will have the following signature.
```
public bool StringCompare(string string1, string string2, string string3)
{
}
```

You need to ensure that StringCompare only returns true if string1 concatenated to string2 is equal to string3. The comparison must be case-insensitive. The solution must ensure that StringCompare executes as quickly as possible.

Which three code blocks should you use to develop the solution? To answer, move the appropriate code blocks from the list of code blocks to the answer area and arrange them in the correct order. NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.
A. Mastered
B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:
References: https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/dotnet/csharp/how-to/compare-strings

NEW QUESTION 21

......
Thank You for Trying Our Product

We offer two products:

1st - We have Practice Tests Software with Actual Exam Questions
2nd - Questions and Answers in PDF Format

70-483 Practice Exam Features:

* 70-483 Questions and Answers Updated Frequently
* 70-483 Practice Questions Verified by Expert Senior Certified Staff
* 70-483 Most Realistic Questions that Guarantee you a Pass on Your First Try
* 70-483 Practice Test Questions in Multiple Choice Formats and Updates for 1 Year

100% Actual & Verified — Instant Download, Please Click
Order The 70-483 Practice Test Here